

Notes 1/21 - Intro to Quadratic Functions

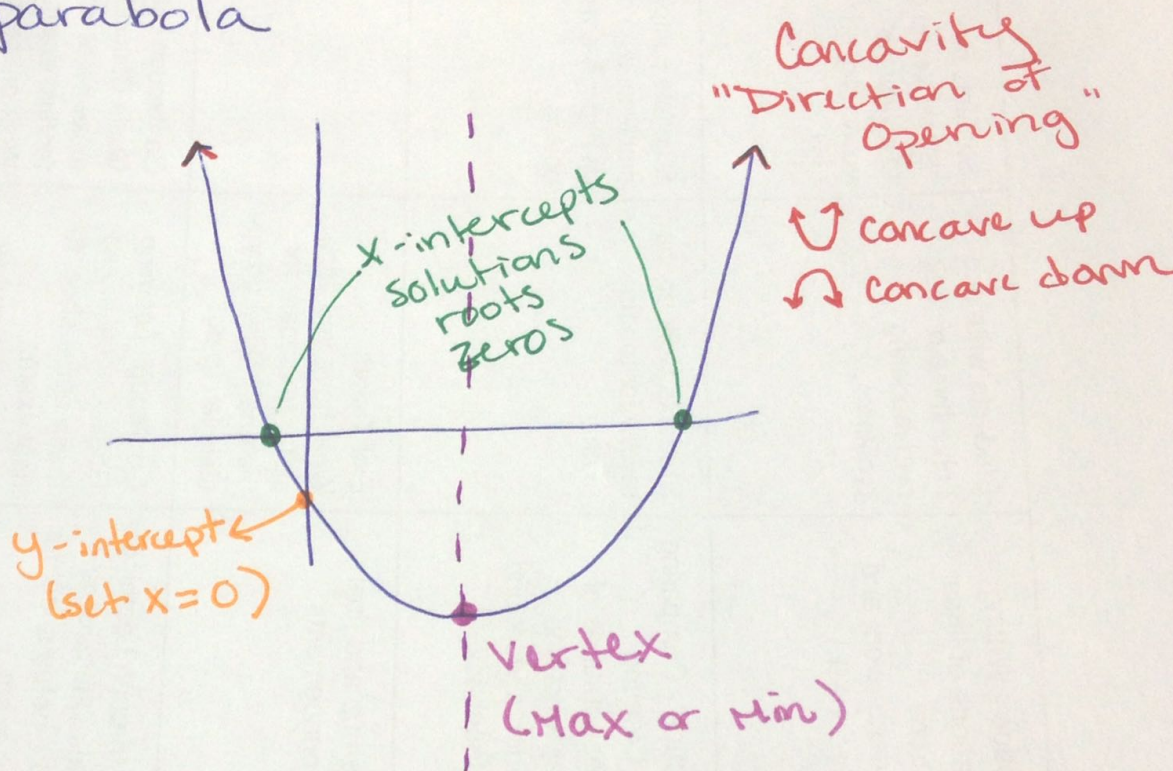
$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

"standard form"

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

"vertex form"

Graph = parabola



axis of symmetry

(goes through vertex)

⇒ has the same x-value
as the vertex)